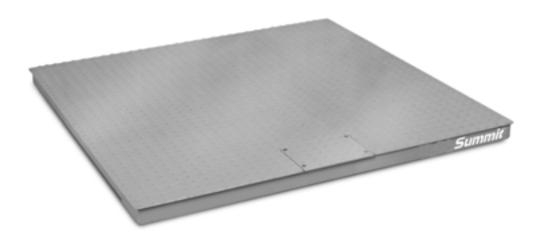
Summit 3000

Low-Profile Floor Scale

Installation Manual





Contents

| 1.0 | Introduction and System Uverview | . 1 |
|-----|---|-----|
| | 1.1 Operating Requirements | 2 |
| | 1.2 Safety | |
| | • | |
| 2.0 | Installation | |
| | 2.1 Overview | 4 |
| | 2.2 Site Preparation | 4 |
| | 2.3 Unpacking | 4 |
| | 2.4 Assembly | 5 |
| | 2.4.1 Installing and adjusting feet | |
| | 2.4.2 Anchor Plate Installation | |
| | 2.5 Electrical Interface to Indicator | 5 |
| | 2.6 Pit Installation | 7 |
| | 2.7 Access Ramps | 8 |
| 3.0 | Adjustments and Calibration | n |
| J.U | · | |
| | 3.1 Mechanical Adjustments | |
| | 3.2 Corner Correction | |
| | 3.3 Calibration Procedure | 10 |
| 4.0 | Service Information | 11 |
| | 4.1 Troubleshooting Guide | |
| | 4.2 Periodic Maintenance | |
| | 4.3 Load Cell Replacement | |
| | 4.3.1 Load Cell Wiring to Junction Box. | |



Technical training seminars are available through Rice Lake Weighing Systems. Course descriptions and dates can be viewed at **www.ricelake.com/training** or obtained by calling 715-234-9171 and asking for the training department.

© Rice Lake Weighing Systems. All rights reserved. Printed in the United States of America. Specifications subject to change without notice.

September 2015



Rice Lake continually offers web-based video training on a growing selection of product-related topics at no cost. Visit www.ricelake.com/webinars.

1.0 Introduction

The *Summit 3000* floor scale provides exceptional performance and is an economical solution in light industrial applications. The *Summit 3000* floor scale is a fully electronic, low profile floor scale that comes in sizes from 36 in x 36 in (.91 m x .91 m) to 60 in x 60 in (1.52 m x 1.52 m), and capacities from 2000 to 10,000 lb (1000 to 5000 kg). All models use four corner-mounted, NTEP-certified, alloy steel shear beam load cells, with the cells recessed into the frame channels for protection. All models are shipped pre-trimmed, so corner corrections are not needed on arrival. However, the signal trim summing board is enclosed in a durable ABS enclosure that has a convenient top-access for future corner corrections.

Other available options include custom frames for pit installations and access ramps for all sizes.

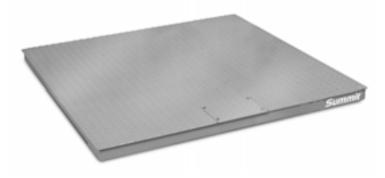


Figure 1-1. Summit 3000 Floor Scale



Manuals can be viewed or downloaded from the *Rice Lake Weighing Systems* website at www.ricelake.com/manuals

Warranty information can be found on the website at www.ricelake.com/warranties

1.1 Operating Requirements

Electrical Grounding

For systems where the scale is connected to a 115 or 230 VAC circuit, the indicator must be directly connected to an earth ground with a ground interface cable of no more than 3 W resistance throughout its length.

Load Cell Excitation

Rated Excitation: 10 VDC Maximum Excitation: 15 VDC

Grade Level Requirements

The supporting surface for the four feet of the scale must be level within 1/4 inch of horizontal.

Safe Static Overloading Capacity

Maximum: 150% of scale capacity

Nominal Scale Height

3.625 inch (92 mm)

Approvals



NTEP CoC Number 92-001

Measurement Canada Approved

1.2 Safety

Safety Signal Definitions:



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death, and includes hazards that are exposed when guards are removed.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.



Indicates information about procedures that, if not observed, could result in damage to equipment or corruption to and loss of data.

General Safety



Do not operate or work on this equipment unless you have read and understand instructions in the manual. Failure to follow the instructions or heed the warnings could result in injury or death. Contact any Rice Lake Weighing Systems dealer for replacement manuals. Proper care is your responsibility.



Failure to heed may result in serious injury or death.

Do not allow minors (children) or inexperienced persons to operate this unit.

Do not operate without all shields and guards in place.

Do not jump on the scale.

Do not use for purposes other then weight taking.

Do not place fingers into slots or possible pinch points.

Do not use any load bearing component that is worn beyond 5 percent of the original dimension.

Do not use this product if any of the components are cracked.

Do not exceed the rated load limit of the unit.

Do not make alterations or modifications to the unit.

Do not remove or obscure warning labels.

Keep hands, feet and loose clothing away from moving parts.



Installation **2.0**

The following sections describe the correct installation procedures for the Summit 3000 floor scale.

2.1 Overview

Standard installation of the Summit 3000 floor scale consists of the following steps:

- 2. Check levelness and smoothness of site.
- 3. Unpack the floor scale.
- 4. Adjust the four feet on the scale.
- 5. Install mounting plates to the floor (optional).
- 6. Connect cable to the system.
- 7. Calibrate the system.

Access ramps and pit installations are described in Section 2.6 and Section 2.7.

2.2 **Site Preparation**

Do not load the scale beyond its capacity, even momentarily. Avoid areas where the scale might receive damaging side impacts from wheels or forklift tines, or shock damage from falling objects. Avoid areas where water may damage a scale which is not meant for a washdown environment.

The interface cable between the scale and the indicator must be protected against crushing, cutting, or moisture damage. If the chosen site has such potential dangers, some method of protection, such as running the cable in conduit, is necessary.

In operation, the scale must be level within 1/4 inch (6.35 mm). Either choose a site where the floor is close to this standard or modify the floor at the chosen site to meet this standard, to avoid excessive shimming.

2.3 Unpacking

Remove all packing material and visually inspect the floor scale for visible damage caused during shipment. The shipping container should contain the floor scale, this manual and a 20 ft length of load cell cable.

All Summit 3000 models have one threaded eyebolt hole located in the center of the deck to allow installation of an eyebolt hook for use when lifting the scale with chains.

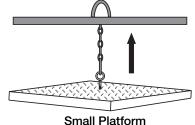


Lift the scale only with a properly designed spreader bar as shown in Figure 2-1. Important Lifting force must be vertical to avoid bending the eye bolt.

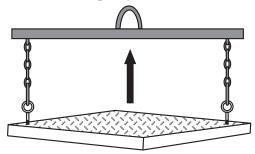


Eye bolts must always be inserted into the top of the scale. Lifting should always occur with the top plate facing up and the eye bolts securely attached through the nuts welded to the bottom side of the top plate. Lifting from the bottom of the plate could cause nuts to break loose and the scale to fall.

It's recommended to use a 1/2 inch-13NC eyebolt inch 2000 to 10,000 lb capacity scales.



(5' x 5' or smaller and/or 10,000 lb or less capacity) Use one 1/2" eye bolt, insert into threaded hole in center of top plate for lifting.



Large Platform (Larger then 5' x 5', and /or more than 10,000 lb capacity) Use two 3/4" eye bolts, insert into threaded holes in opposite corners of top plate for lifting.

Figure 2-1. Proper Lifting Technique



2.4 Assembly

The following paragraphs give instructions for adjusting the scale feet and anchor plate.

2.4.1 **Adjust feet**

The scale feet are secured with a jam nut (located next to each load cell) for load cell protection during shipping.

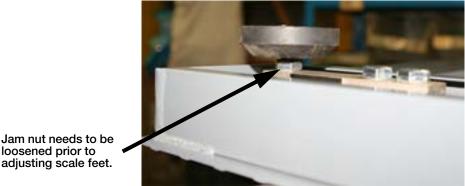




Figure 2-2. Jam Nut Location on Scale Foot



Note Jam nut must be loosened prior to adjusting scale feet.

Screw one foot into each load cell and turn until each foot touches either the load cell or the underside of the deck. Then unscrew each foot three complete turns.

Place a spirit level on the deck. Adjust any high corners until they just contact the floor surface. When all feet are in contact with the floor, check the deck with the spirit level to be sure the scale is within 1/4 inch of level.

2.4.2 **Anchor Plate Installation**

For permanent applications, the anchor plate should be secured to the floor to prevent sideways movement of the scale. Two mild steel floor anchor plates, with holes that slightly exceed the foot diameter, are available as an option for that purpose.

Lift the scale so that the feet are approximately one inch off the floor. Slide mounting plates under two diagonally opposed feet. Lower the scale back to the floor and position the plates so that the boltdown holes are accessible from above, as shown in Figure 2-3.

Using the mounting plates as templates, drill pilot holes into the floor for suitable anchor bolts. Bolt the plates to the floor using 1/2 inch anchor bolts. Recheck foot adjustment and deck level after this operation.



For installations using access ramps, mounting plates are not necessary as the ramps have built-in mounting plates to secure the scale feet.

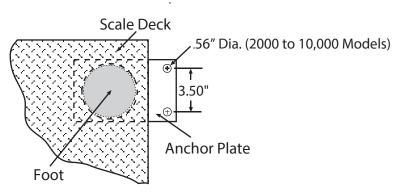


Figure 2-3. Anchor Plate Installation



2.5 Electrical Interface to Indicator

To connect the scale to the weight indicator, twenty feet of 6-wire cable is supplied with each scale. The junction box is easily accessible through a top access plate located on the top of the *Summit 3000*. Use the following steps to wire up the junction box.

- 1. Remove the four screws using an Allen wrench.
- 2. Lift the junction box assembly out of the scale deck.
- 3. Open and remove the top of junction box.



Figure 2-4. Junction Box Opened

- 4. Push the cable end into the junction box through a cord grip.
- 5. Connect the wires to the indicator terminal (Figure 2-4) as shown in Table 2-1.
- 6. Pull out excess and tighten the cord grip to hold the cable snugly.

| Cable Color Code | Junction Box |
|------------------|--------------|
| Red | + Excitation |
| Black | - Excitation |
| Green | + Signal |
| White | - Signal |
| Bare | Shield |
| Yellow | + Sense |
| Blue | - Sense |

Table 2-1. Junction Box Connections

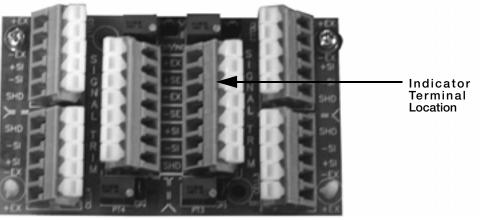


Figure 2-5. Junction Box Wiring Diagram

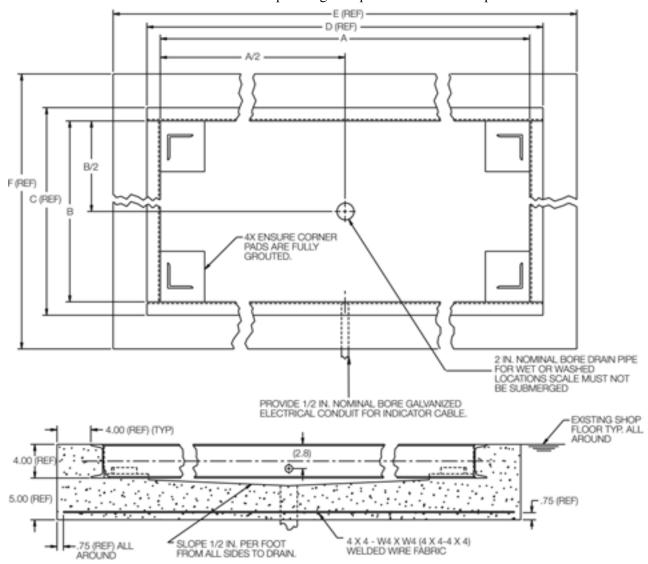


- 7. Route the cable so that it is protected from damage. Leave a loose coil of excess cable under the scale to allow for servicing and cleaning.
- 8. Connect the cable to the indicator. See the indicator installation manual for wiring information.
- 9. If necessary, trim corners as described in Section 3.2 on page 9.
- 10. Check all strain relief fittings for tightness.
- 11. Put the cover back onto the junction box assembly and place the junction box back into the floor scale cutout.
- 12. Secure the Summit 3000 floor plate.



2.6 Pit Frame Concrete Details

The Summit 3000 can be installed in a shallow pit using the optional Summit 3000 pit frame.



| Drawing Dimensions | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Scale Size | 3 ft x 3 ft | 4 ft x 4 ft | 4 ft x 5 ft | 4 ft x 6 ft | 5 ft x 5 ft |
| Α | 36.75 | 48.75 | 60.75 | 72.75 | 60.75 |
| В | 36.75 | 48.75 | 48.75 | 48.75 | 60.75 |
| С | 39.92 | 51.92 | 51.92 | 51.92 | 63.92 |
| D | 39.92 | 51.92 | 63.92 | 75.92 | 63.92 |
| Е | 47.92 | 59.92 | 71.92 | 83.92 | 71.92 |
| F | 47.92 | 59.92 | 59.92 | 59.92 | 71.92 |

Table 2-2. Drawing Dimensions



- Use concrete of minimum yield strength 5,000 PSI or six bag mix.
- Allow seven days to cure (wet concrete periodically during this time).
- Dimensions shown assume firm, stable soil conditions. When soil conditions are not adequate, place foundation at sufficient depth.
- In wet or washdown applications, it is recommended to use hermetically sealed load cells and the junction box be mounted remotely in a dry location.
- Wire mesh to have a minimum 0.75 in cover bottom and sides.

Site Considerations

Debris, floor sweepings, or material spills may accumulate in the pit and interfere with scale operation. The pit should periodically be cleaned. All sizes of the *Summit 3000* have a threaded hole centrally located for eyebolts so the scale can be easily lifted from the pit.

Plan the pit location out of main traffic areas to prevent such accidental damaging overloads. Weight overloads, even momentary ones such as driving a loaded forklift over a scale corner, will damage load cells.

A 1:24 slope is recommended for the pit, with full grouting under the corner pads as shown in Figure 2-6.

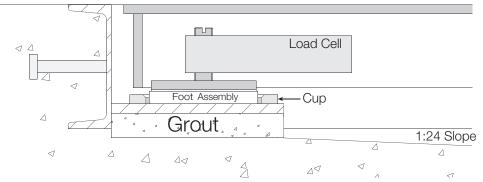


Figure 2-6. Section Showing Installed Summit 3000 and Pit Frame

2.7 Access Ramps

Access ramps for *Summit 3000* floor scales are designed to bolt to the floor, with built-in mounting plates that attach to the scale feet. When used with access ramps, side movement of the scale is automatically eliminated, and no other mounting plates are necessary.

Access ramps can only be oriented on the two scale sides that are perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the load cells. For example, the scale shown in Figure 2-7 could have an access ramp on the left side as shown, and/or on the right side. The top and bottom sides, however, will not accept the standard ramp mounting plates.

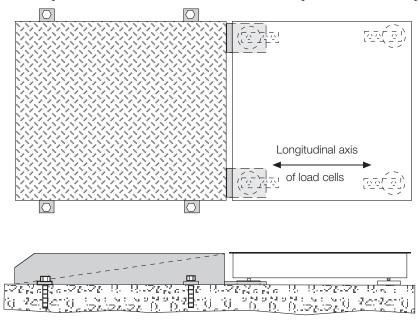


Figure 2-7. Optional Access Ramp

Important Align ramp with the longitudinal axis of the load cells.





3.0 Adjustments and Calibration

The following sections describe adjustments that need to be made to the Summit 3000 floor scale.

3.1 Mechanical Adjustments

To accommodate minor floor unevenness, the scale feet can be used to adjust scale height up or down. Adjust the feet by hand (lift the scale corner slightly with a pry bar) until all feet are contacting the floor equally. Jam nuts are supplied for locking the feet, as there is a slight decrease in accuracy when jam nuts are tightened. However, if the application requires securing the feet, it's suggested to use Teflon® tape or Loctite®.

When adjusting scale feet, use care to prevent the scale foot from bottoming out against the underside of the load cell. Also, the foot stem can be damaged by bending or stripping threads if extended beyond the maximum height adjustment.

When height adjustments are complete, recheck level of the deck with a spirit level. The deck must be level within 1/4 inch (6.4 mm).

3.2 Corner Correction

All assembled *Summit 3000* scales are delivered with the junction box corner-trimmed. Corner trimming is only necessary after replacing a load cell.

To calibrate the scale, the output from each load cell must be matched by adjusting the signals with potentiometers at the junction box—a process known as trimming.

1. Remove the junction box cover and identify the correct load cell terminal corresponding to each corner (labeled CELL 1, CELL 2, CELL 3 and CELL 4). See Figure 4-3 on page 13 for scale deck corner numbering.

The indicator must be connected and calibrated, but it does not need to indicate the exact weight value. A test weight is required. The recommended test weight for all *Summit 3000* models is 25% of scale capacity: for example, 500 lb for 2000 lb models, 2500 lb for 10,000 lb models.

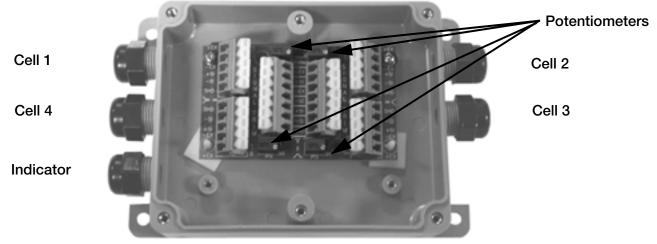
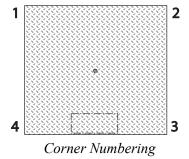


Figure 3-1. Summing Board Diagram



Teflon® and Loctite® are both registered trademarks of E.I. DuPont.



- 2. With no weight on the scale, zero the indicator.
- 3. Turn all four potentiometers (Figure 3-1) clockwise to increase the reading until a clicking sound is heard from each potentiometer. This ensures the maximum signal from each load cell.
- 4. With all potentiometers at full signal, place the test weight over one corner and record the indicated weight.
- 5. Repeat this process for each of the other three corners. The load cell with the lowest corner reading is used as a reference point and will not be trimmed.
- 6. Place the test weight over one of the other three corners and use that cell's potentiometer to adjust the cell output down to match the reference cell output.
- 7. Repeat this procedure with the other two high corners.

Adjustments are somewhat interactive, and adjusting the three higher outputs may affect the reference cell output, especially in smaller scale decks. Rezero the indicator and repeat the test until all corners read within $\pm 0.1\%$ of the test weight used.

3.3 Calibration Procedure

Refer to the indicator manual to determine correct calibration procedures.

It is recommended that the scale be exercised before calibration to be certain that everything is seated.

- 1. Load the scale to near capacity two or three times.
- 2. With no load on the scale, place the indicator in its calibration mode and perform a zero calibration.
- 3. Place test weights on the platform equal to 70% 100% of the scale's capacity. If several weights are used, they should be evenly distributed around the platform.
- 4. Perform a span calibration.
- 5. Remove the test weights and check the zero reading.
- 6. Repeat the calibration process if necessary.



4.0 Service Information

The following sections describe basic service and maintenance procedures.

4.1 Troubleshooting Guide

The following table lists some of the common problems and their suggested solutions.

| Problem | Symptom Description | Solution | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| System does not operate - no | Power is disconnected | Check power and reconnect | |
| display | Indicator fuse is blown | Replace the fuse and check for the cause. | |
| | Interface cable is cut or disconnected | Repair the cable | |
| Display stays at zero | Indicator is faulty | Service the indicator. | |
| | Load cell connections are faulty | Check the cable connections in the junction box and at indicator. | |
| Erratic weight readings | Vibration is near scale | Remove source of vibration or move scale | |
| | Platform is not level to within 1/4 inch | Level scale by adjusting feet or shimming if necessary | |
| | Load cell or cable water damage | Replace load cell cable | |
| | Debris under load cells or platform | Clean and remove debris | |
| | Indicator is faulty | Use simulator to test indicator for stability. Service indicator | |
| Consistently high or low weights | Indicator is not properly adjusted to zero | Zero the indicator according to the indicator manual | |
| | Platform is binding | Obtain adequate clearance for free platform movement | |
| | Indicator is not calibrated | Calibrate according to indicator manual and Section 2.5 on page 5 | |
| | Load cells are faulty | Test and replace load cells if necessary | |
| | Feet touching deck underside | Adjust feet downward to provide clearance | |

Table 4-1. Troubleshooting Table

4.2 Periodic Maintenance

The space between the platform side, the pit frame and the surface beneath the platform must be periodically cleaned to prevent debris build up. More frequent cleaning of these areas is necessary with scales mounted in pits.

Do not use scales with load cells that are not hermetically sealed in washdown applications. Water damage is a common cause of failure in non-hermetically-sealed load cells. Use care with high pressure steam washdowns for hermetically-sealed load cells. The steam may not damage the load cells, however the elevated temperatures may cause incorrect readings until the unit cools to room temperature.



4.3 Load Cell Replacement

Replacement load cells can be ordered from Rice Lake Weighing Systems.

Lift the scale with a chain, spreader bar and the provided eyebolt. Remove the foot and the defective load cell. Disconnect load cell cable from the junction box and cut cable ties. When the cable is freed, pull cable out of the scale frame channels.

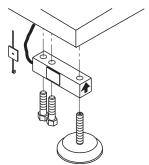


Figure 4-1. Load Cell Assembly

Use the following directions to install new load cells.

- 1. Lay out the load cell near the corner where it is to be installed.
- 2. Thread the cable from the load cell through the frame and into the junction box. Use the terminal numbers inside the junction box to match the cable.
- 3. Check that the threaded holes for the load cell screws are free of debris. Use compressed air to blow out holes if necessary.
- 4. Position load cells with alignment arrows pointed up toward the deck.
- 5. Loosely install the hex head cap screws provided, as shown in Figure 4-1. If the base is used with a pit frame or access ramp, position the load cell to maintain the dimension shown in Figure 4-2.
- 6. With the torque wrench, tighten all bolts to 75 ft-lbs.

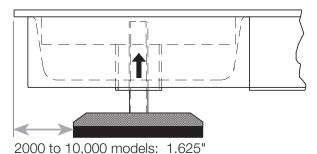


Figure 4-2. Foot Pad - Side View

- 7. Route the load cell cables near each corner so that the cable is free from possible contact with each foot. Hold the cable in position with the supplied adhesive-backed cable ties.
- 8. Do not cut load cell cables. Coil extra cable before it enters the junction box, tie with cable ties, and insert the coils into the channel near the junction box.
- 9. After coiling excess cable, pass each individual end of load cell cable through its grommet in the junction box cover (or through cable fittings in the NEMA 4X junction box).

Corner correction trimming and calibration is necessary after load cell replacement. Follow instruction in Section 3.2 and 3.3.



4.3.1 Load Cell Wiring to Junction Box

The four load cells are each wired to their respective terminals in the junction box according to the corner numbering system shown in Figure 4-3, and the coloring code in Table 4-2.

Pull excess cable out of the junction box enclosure and tighten the cable grips until snug. Finally, gently pull on each of the four cables to make sure that they do not slip.

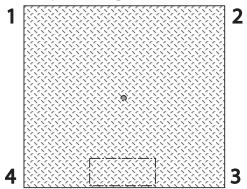


Figure 4-3. Corner Numbering - Top View

| Cable Color Code | J-Box Terminal |
|------------------|----------------|
| Red | +Excitation |
| Black | -Excitation |
| Green | +Signal |
| White | -Signal |
| Bare or Clear | Shield |

Table 4-2. Load Cell Wiring





© Rice Lake Weighing Systems Specifications subject to change without notice. Rice Lake Weighing Systems is an ISO 9001 registered company.

230 W. Coleman St. • Rice Lake, WI 54868 • USA U.S. 800-472-6703 • Canada/Mexico 800-321-6703 • International 715-234-9171 • Europe +31 (0)26 472 1319